



# A Picture is Worth a Thousand Words: Graphics in Forms

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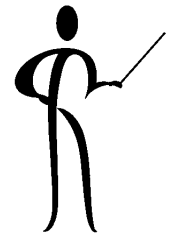
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# Objectives

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- ◆ Learn how Oracle Graphics may be used to “dress up” Oracle Forms applications
- ◆ Understand how Oracle Forms and Oracle Graphics interact
- ◆ Know how to pass parameter values between Oracle Forms and Oracle Graphics

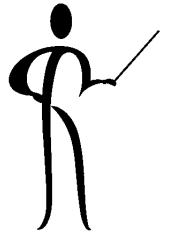


# Introduction

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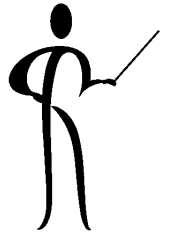
- ◆ Developer 6.0's graphical capabilities present a resource untapped by most applications
- ◆ Effective use of Oracle Graphics charts and imported images allows development of outstanding and useful applications
- ◆ Graphic charts and forms interact using PL/SQL and triggers

# Embedded Oracle Graphics



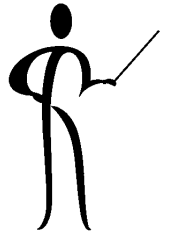
- ◆ Oracle Graphics is easy to use, powerful, and works well when executed alone or when executed in conjunction with Oracle Forms
- ◆ Graphic objects may be used in forms to graphically represent data and allow users a more-intuitive way of viewing data and/or launching queries
- ◆ Oracle Graphics is an OLE Server, so, objects created with it may be included in non-Oracle OLE Clients like Microsoft Excel and Microsoft Word (in an MS-Windows environment)

# Using Oracle Graphics in Forms



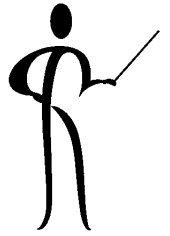
- ◆ Oracle Graphics is designed to work closely with Oracle Forms and Oracle Reports, even including a Chart Wizard to aid in creation and maintenance of forms with embedded (simple) graphics
- ◆ Oracle Graphics can transfer to and receive data from Oracle Forms, allowing “drill-down” applications
- ◆ When executed by another product, Oracle Graphics starts another process, the Oracle Graphics Batch Executable — this process remains in memory for future use

# Using Chart Wizard



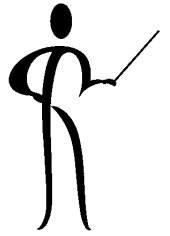
- ◆ The basics for creating an application to work with an Oracle Graphics via the wizard is easy:
  - As a form is created, use the Chart Tool to indicate where in the visual layout a chart should go
  - Next, the Chart Wizard starts and asks for information necessary to build the chart
  - The Chart Wizard may be reentered later, so, if the chart isn't perfect the first time it can be corrected easily later
  - Finally, the form is tested

# More Complex Graphics

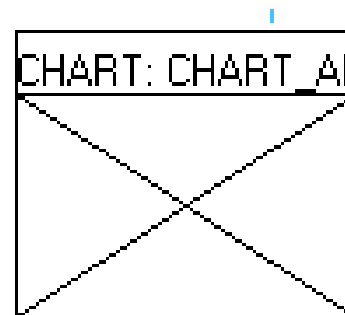
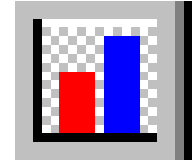


- ◆ Some Oracle Graphics objects may be directly linked to SQL, others might not be
- ◆ “Drill down” graphics may be tied to forms using PL/SQL within a form or by having PL/SQL triggers inside the embedded graphic object
- ◆ Graphics objects may be created that both send and receive data from the form

# Chart Creation

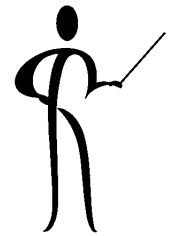


- ◆ Use the chart tool to create a chart:
- ◆ Drag and resize chart area using the layout editor
- ◆ If manually building the chart item, make it the size and shape desired





# Chart Wizard Creation



- ◆ If using the Chart Wizard a series of panels begins (assumes existing master detail DEPT/EMP form)

Create a new chart object

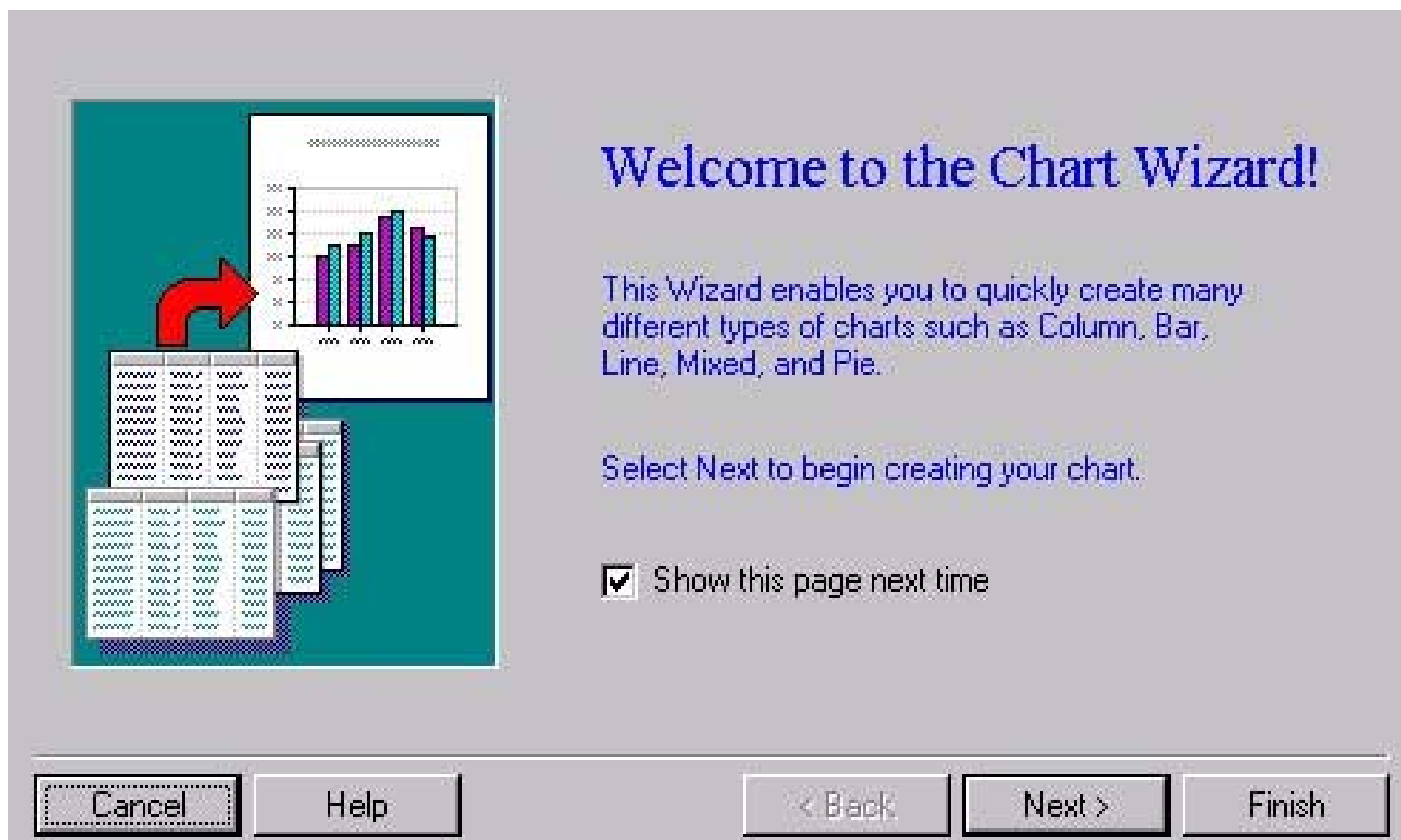
Use the Chart Wizard

Build a new chart manually



# Chart Wizard Welcome

- ◆ The first panel is simply a welcome to the Chart Wizard, it may be omitted if desired:





# Choose Chart Type

- ◆ This panel allows selection of the chart format, the wizard is reentrant so experiment:

Enter a chart title (optional), then select a chart type and subtype from the lists below.

Title:

Chart Type:

- Column
- Bar
- Pie**
- Line
- Mixed

Chart Subtype:

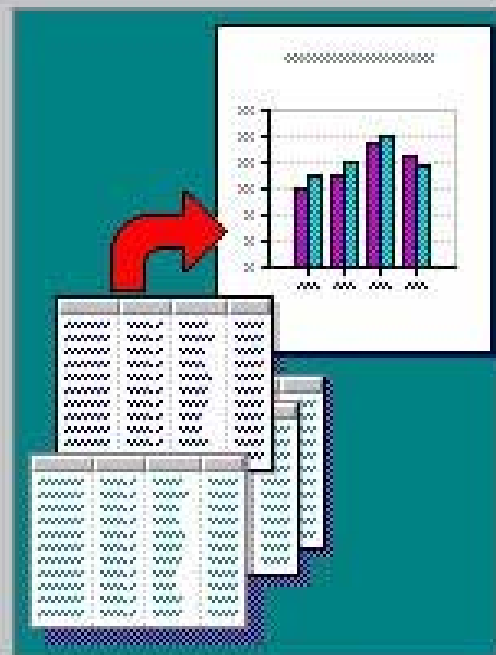
- Plain
- Shadows
- Depth**

Cancel Help < Back Next > Finish



# Chart Data Block

- ◆ Next, specify the block the chart's data comes from:



Select the data block to provide the data to display in your chart.

Block Name:

DEPT
EMP

Cancel

Help

< Back

Next >

Finish



# Category Column

- ◆ Choose the column(s) that will supply the category data for the chart (chart item labels):

Select the fields for the Category (or X) Axis from the Available Fields list.

Available Fields:

- EMPNO
- HIREDATE
- SAL
- DEPTNO

Category Axis:

- ENAME

Buttons: Cancel, Help, < Back, Next >, Finish

The screenshot shows a software interface for configuring a chart. On the left, a preview window displays a bar chart with a red arrow pointing to the x-axis labels. The main area contains two lists: 'Available Fields' and 'Category Axis'. The 'Available Fields' list includes EMPNO, HIREDATE, SAL, and DEPTNO. The 'Category Axis' list includes ENAME. Navigation buttons are located at the bottom: Cancel, Help, < Back, Next >, and Finish.



# Value Column

- ◆ Choose the column(s) to supply values for the chart graphics, multiple columns get different colors:

Select the fields for the Value (or Y) Axis from the Available Fields list.

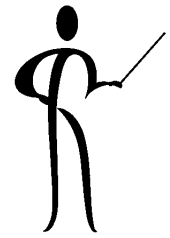
Available Fields:

- EMPNO
- ENAME
- HIREDATE
- DEPTNO

Value Axis:

- SAL

Buttons: Cancel, Help, < Back, Next >, Finish



# Layout Editor

- ◆ Here's what the Layout Editor display looks like:

The screenshot shows a software window titled "MASTDET: CANVAS2 ( DEPT )". The interface includes a menu bar with options like File, Edit, and Canvas. Below the menu bar is a toolbar with various icons for editing and formatting. A text area contains a form with the following fields:

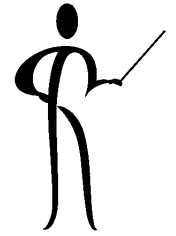
Deptno: DE    Dname: DNAME    Loc: LOC

Empno	Ename	Hiredate	Sal	Deptno
EMP1	ENAME	HIREDATE	SAL	DE
EMP2	ENAME	HIREDATE	SAL	DE
EMP3	ENAME	HIREDATE	SAL	DE
EMP4	ENAME	HIREDATE	SAL	DE

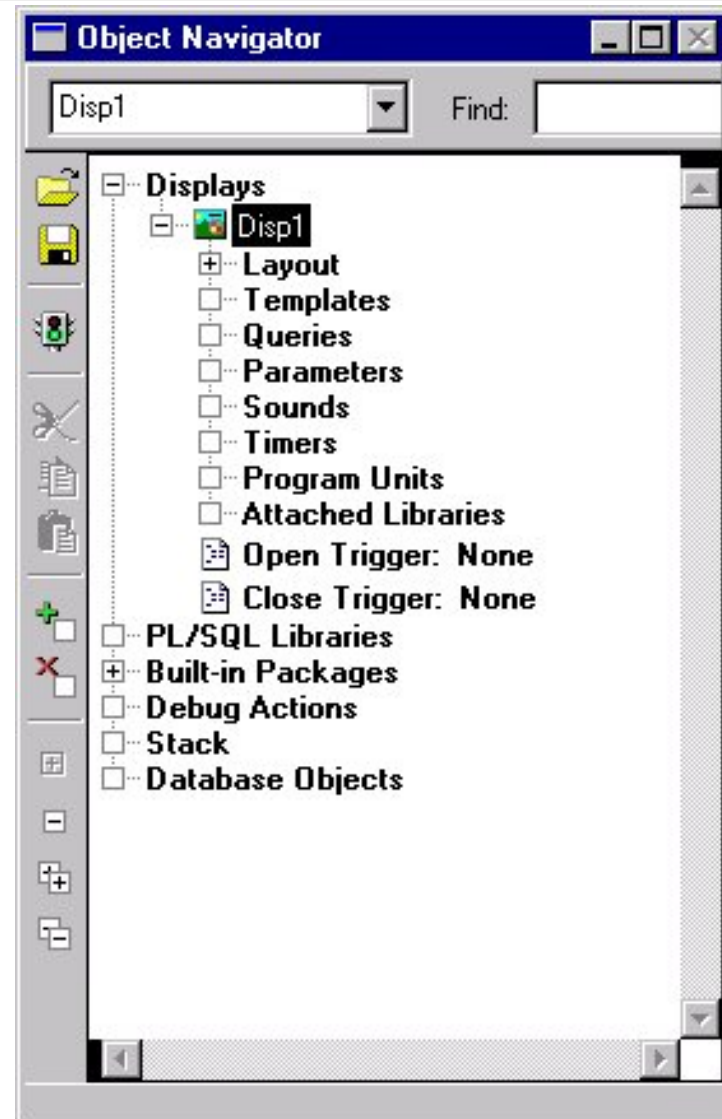
To the right of the table is a pie chart titled "Employee Pay Comparison". The chart is divided into four segments labeled ENAME1, ENAME2, ENAME3, and ENAME4. ENAME1 is red, ENAME2 is purple, ENAME3 is green, and ENAME4 is pink.

The status bar at the bottom shows a magnification of 1x and two numerical values: 195.75 and 281.25.

# Create using Oracle Graphics

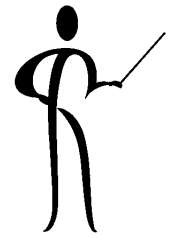


- ◆ Oracle Graphics uses the familiar Object Navigator:





# Create a Query - Query Tab



Query: query0

Query | Data | Options

Name: query0

Type: SQL Statement

File:  Browse...

SQL Statement

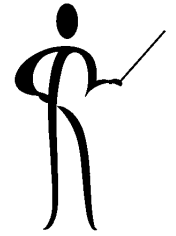
```
select deptno,avg(sal) salary
from emp
group by deptno
```

Connect...  
Query Builder...  
Import SQL...  
Export SQL...

New Delete Execute Clear Data  
OK Close Apply Help

- ◆ Create a new query, parameter values may be used in the WHERE clause or other parts of the queries
- ◆ The Data Tab shows the values in the graphic, the Options Tab controls number of rows, date format, and PL/SQL associated with the graphic

# Create a Chart

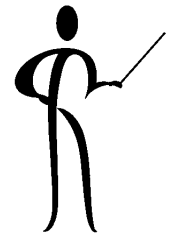


- ◆ Use the Layout-Editor Chart Tool, tell the Chart Genie to use the existing query

Select a query to use for this chart.

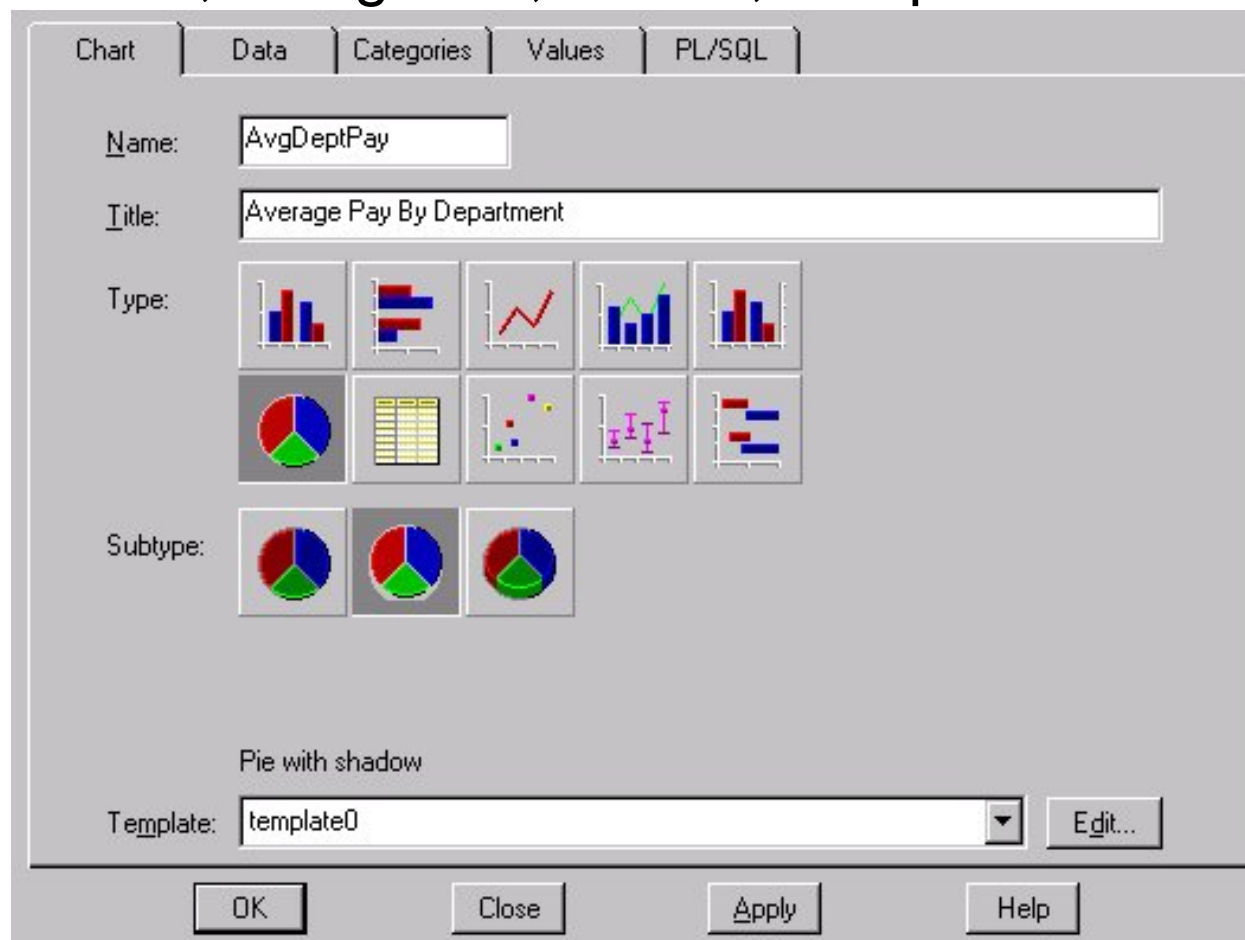
Existing Query:

New Query

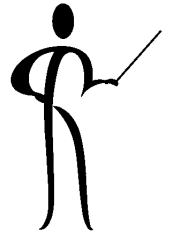


# Chart Properties

- ◆ Describe the Chart Properties, chart type, data columns, categories, values, and position:

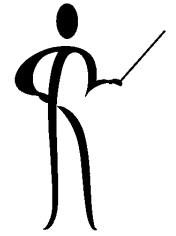


# Forms Connection



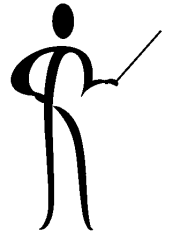
- ◆ When creating the chart manually, the Form's PL/SQL must be prepared to use the chart as well
- ◆ This is a four-step procedure:
  - Define the chart object on the form
  - Attach the OG (Oracle Graphics) library
  - Notify Oracle Forms that you will be using a graphics object
  - Use the object

# Attaching the OG Library



- ◆ Graphics includes a library of PL/SQL program units called OG (og.pll) specifically to manipulate graphics (usually in directory: \Tools\Devdem60\Demo\Forms)
- ◆ The OG library must be attached in order to use it; use the object navigator to attach the library
- ◆ The OG library contains many built-in subprograms, some are listed on the next page
- ◆ Documentation may be found in a .pdf file name gbref60.pdf accessible from the Help menu of the Graphics Builder

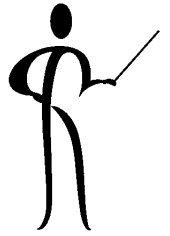
# Useful OG Built-Ins



- 
- ◆ OG.Open Initiate use of object
  - ◆ OG.MouseDown Simulate mouse click down
  - ◆ OG.MouseUp Simulate mouse click up
  - ◆ OG.Interpret Execute PL/SQL unit in chart
  - ◆ OG.GetNumParam Retrieve numeric parameter from chart
  - ◆ OG.GetCharParam Retrieve character parameter from chart

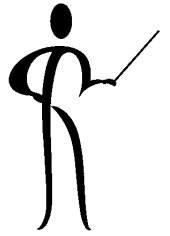
# Hard-Coded Path Warning

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- ◆ Unless you desire to provide a hard-coded path to .pll libraries, they should be placed into a path described in the oracle.ini or registry parameters usually named:  
ORAPLSQLLOADPATH or ORACLE\_PATH
- ◆ Likewise, Oracle Graphics will search for .ogd files in the path identified by the oracle.ini or registry parameters:  
GRAPHICS60\_PATH or GRAPHICS60

# Notify Oracle Forms of Chart's Use



- ◆ Many applications use trigger WHEN-NEW-FORM-INSTANCE to initialize Oracle Graphics object use

```
OG.Open( 'mygraph.ogd' , 'myFormItem' , TRUE );
```

or

```
OG.Open( 'mygraph.ogd' , 'myFormItem' , FALSE );
```

mygraph.ogd

Oracle Graphics file

myFormItem

Name of form chart item

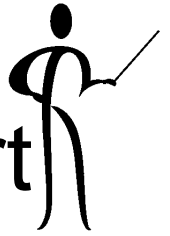
TRUE/FALSE

FALSE causes object to  
be resized to fit item

TRUE (the default)  
causes object to be  
clipped



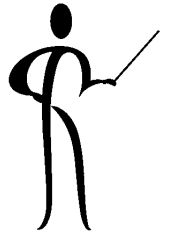
# Passing Mouse Activities to the Chart



- ◆ A WHEN-MOUSE-CLICK trigger on the chart item is a common way to activate an Oracle Graphics object's code
- ◆ This allows the Oracle Forms application to pass along the mouse event to the Oracle Graphics logic so that “drill down” logic may be executed properly

```
OG.MouseDown ( 'mygraph.ogd' , 'myFormItem' );
```

# Getting Values Back from Chart

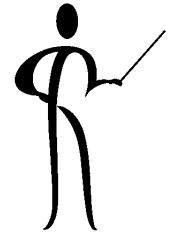


- ◆ Upon return from the graphics object, get the value(s) resulting from the graphics object's use
- ◆ Be sure to use the correct PL/SQL function:  
OG.GetNumParam for numeric data or  
OG.GetCharParam for character data.

```
OG.GetNumParam('mygraph.ogd', 'myFormItem', 'numVar');  
OG.GetCharParam('mygraph.ogd', 'myFormItem', 'charVar');
```

mygraph.ogd	Oracle Graphics file
myFormItem	Name of chart item on form
numVar	Name of numeric variable inside Graphics object
charVar	Name of character variable inside Graphics object

# Chart “Drill Down”



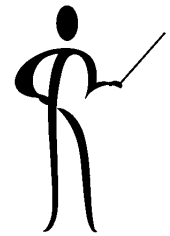
- ◆ In the layout editor or object navigator, select the chart, then select a chart object (bar, pie slice, etc...) and double-click to see the object properties, choose the “drill down” tab

The screenshot shows a dialog box with two tabs: 'Object' and 'Drill-down'. The 'Drill-down' tab is active. The dialog is titled 'When Object Clicked On...'. It contains three sections, each with a dropdown menu and a button:

- Set Parameter:** A dropdown menu showing 'OUT\_EMPNO' and an 'Edit...' button.
- To Value of:** A dropdown menu showing 'EMPNO'.
- Execute Query:** A dropdown menu showing '<None>' and a 'New...' button.

At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'OK', 'Close', 'Apply', and 'Help'.

# Reusing a Chart



- ◆ The OG.Refresh, OG.Interpret, and OG.Close procedures are used to work with existing charts

```
OG.Refresh('mygraph.ogd', 'myFormItem');
```

Re-execute query and reload

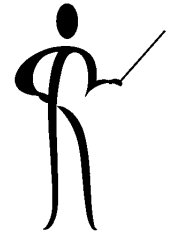
```
OG.Intrepret('mygraph.ogd', 'myFormItem', plsqlcode,  
             refresh, plist);
```

Execute PL/SQL in graphic

```
OG.Close('mygraph.ogd', 'myFormItem');
```

Close chart

(Note: it is sometimes useful to CLOSE and REOPEN  
a chart to fully refresh values)

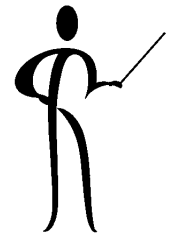


# Parameter Lists

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- ◆ Many OG routines use parameter lists, the basics of parameter list use are:
  - Define a parameter list ID variable:
  - Create a parameter list:
  - Add parameter(s) to the list:
  - Reload a parameter (infrequently used):
  - See if a parameter list already exists:
  - Destroy a parameter list

# Parameter List Code



Define a parameter list ID variable:

```
plist paramlist;
```

Create a parameter list:

```
plist := create_parameter_list('anyname');
```

Add parameter(s) to the list:

```
add_parameter(plist,'param_name',text_parameter,  
param_value_field);
```

Reload a parameter (infrequently used):

```
set_parameter(plist,'param_name',text_parameter,  
'param_value');
```

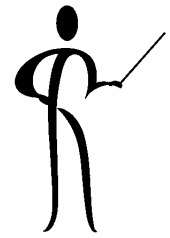
See if a parameter list already exists:

```
plist := get_parameter_list('anyname');  
if idnull (plist) ...
```

Destroy a parameter list"

```
destroy_parameter_list(plist);
```

# Parameters in Graphics

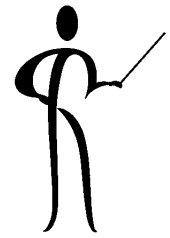


- ◆ Define the parameter to the form, be careful to use the correct data type

A screenshot of a software dialog box for defining a parameter. The dialog has a light gray background and contains the following fields and controls:

- Parameter:** A dropdown menu with the text "INDEPTNO" and a small downward arrow on the right.
- Name:** A text input field containing "INDEPTNO" with a blue selection highlight.
- Type:** A dropdown menu with the text "Number" and a small downward arrow on the right.
- Initial Value:** An empty text input field.
- Buttons:** A row of six buttons at the bottom: "New", "Delete", "OK", "Close", "Apply", and "Help".

# Parameter in Graphic Query



Query: query0

Query | Data | Options

Name: query0

Type: SQL Statement

File: Browse...

SQL Statement

```
select empno,sal
from emp
where deptno = :indeptno
order by empno
```

Connect...  
Query Builder...  
Import SQL...  
Export SQL...

New | Delete | Execute | Clear Data  
OK | Close | Apply | Help

- ◆ Use the parameters in the query, or, anywhere in PL/SQL used by the graphic



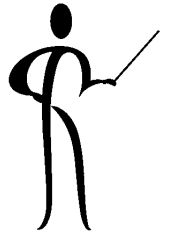


# Web Fonts

- ◆ Careful! Only six fonts are common to MS Windows, Motif, and Web-based forms:

<u>Java/Web</u>	<u>Windows</u>	<u>Modif/X Windows</u>	<u>MacIntosh</u>
Courier	Courier New	adobe-courier	Courier
Dialog	MS Sans Serif	b&h-lucida	Geneva
DialogInput	MS Sans Serif	b&h-lucidatypewriter	Geneva
Helvetica	Arial	adobe-helvetica	Helvetica
Symbol	WingDings	itc-zapfdingbats	Symbol
TimesRoman	Times New Roman	adobe-times	Times Roman

# Conclusion



- ◆ This presentation illustrated the ease of using Oracle Graphics in making Oracle Forms applications more full-function
- ◆ Oracle Graphics is an easy to use, powerful tool allowing graphic representation of data based upon queries
- ◆ Oracle Forms triggers may be used to initiate the display of graphics and to pass values that control the actual graphic that is created
- ◆ The use of a picture (via Oracle Graphics) may well be worth a thousand words displayed individually or in summary on a form



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